

Year 10		Curriculum Checkpoints: What do students know and what can they do?			
GCSE Economics Term 1		Developing	Securing	Mastering	Excelling
AF1	Economic growth	I can analyse and apply 2 -3 examples to all fo the following: the concept of economic growth and the calculation of it the analysis of GDP data the factors affecting economic growth the costs and benefits of economic growth .	I can confidently analyse and apply in relation to all of the following: the concept of economic growth and the calculation of it the analysis of GDP data the factors affecting economic growth the costs and benefits of economic growth	I confidently analyse and apply and am beginning to understand how to evaluate decisions in relation to all of the following: the concept of economic growth and the calculation of it the analysis of GDP data the factors affecting economic growth the costs and benefits of economic growth	I confidently analyse and apply and am reasonably able to evaluate decisions and justify them in relation to all of the following: the concept of economic growth and the calculation of it the analysis of GDP data the factors affecting economic growth the costs and benefits of economic growth
AF2	Employment and unemployment	I can analyse and apply 2 -3 examples to all fo the following: the concepts of employment and unemployment and how it is measured the calculation of unemployment rate types and causes of unemployment and consequences on stakeholders	I can confidently analyse and apply in relation to all of the following: the concepts of employment and unemployment and how it is measured the calculaton of unemployment rate types and causes of unemployment and consequences on stakeholders	I confidently analyse and apply and am beginning to understand how to evaluate in decisions in relation to all of the following: the concepts of employment and unemployment and how it is measured the calculation of unemployment rate types and causes of unemployment and consequences on stakeholders	I confidently analyse and apply and am reasonably able to evaluate decisions and justify them in relation to all of the following: the concepts of employment and unemployment and how it is measured the calculaton of unemployment rate types and causes of unemployment and consequences on stakeholders
AF3	Distribution of income	I can confidently analyse and apply in relation to all of the following: what is meant by the distribution of income how to calculate income and wealth the causes of differences in the distribution of income and wealth the consequences for an economy	I confidently analyse and apply and am beginning to understand how to evaluate decisions in relation to all of the following: what is meant by the distribution of income how to calculate income and wealth the causes of differences in the distribution of income and wealth the consequences for an economy	I confidently analyse and apply and am reasonably able to evaluate decisions in relation to all of the following: what is meant by the distribution of income how to calculate income and wealth the causes of differences in the distribution of income and wealth the consequences for an economy	I confidently analyse and apply and can confidently evaluate decisions in relation to all of the following: what is meant by the distribution of income how to calculate income and wealth the causes of differences in the distribution of income and wealth the consequences for an economy
AF4	Price stability and inflation	I can confidently analyse and apply in relation to all of the following: the concept of price stability and inflation, including the difference between real and nominal how inflation is measured using the Consumer Price Index and calculation of effect on prices analyse recent and historical inflation figures the causes of inflation and the consequences for consumers, producers, savers and the government	I confidently analyse and apply and am beginning to understand how to evaluate decisions in relation to all of the following: the concept of price stability and inflation, including the difference between real and nominal how inflation is measured using the Consumer Price Index and calculation of effect on prices analyse recent and historical inflation figures the causes of inflation and the consequences for consumers, producers, savers and the government	I confidently analyse and apply and am reasonably able to evaluate decisions in relation to all of the following: the concept of price stability and inflation, including the difference between real and nominal how inflation is measured using the Consumer Price Index and calculation of effect on prices analyse recent and historical inflation figures the causes of inflation and the consequences for consumers, producers, savers and the government	I confidently analyse and apply and can confidently evaluate decisions in relation to all of the following: the concept of price stability and inflation, including the difference between real and nominal how inflation is measured using the Consumer Price Index and calculation of effect on prices analyse recent and historical inflation figures the causes of inflation and the consequences for consumers, producers, savers and the government
GCSE Economics Term 2		Developing	Securing	Mastering	Excelling
AF1	Fiscal Policy	I can confidently analyse and apply in relation to all of the following: the purposes of government spending and the sources of revenue including taxes what is meant by a balanced government budget, budget surplus and budget deficit what is meant by fiscal policy and how it can be used to achieve the government's economic objectives the costs and the benefits of fiscal policy	I confidently analyse and apply and am beginning to understand how to evaluate decisions in relation to all of the following: the purposes of government spending and the sources of revenue including taxes what is meant by a balanced government budget, budget surplus and budget deficit what is meant by fiscal policy and how it can be used to achieve the government's economic objectives the costs and the benefits of fiscal policy	I confidently analyse and apply and am reasonably able to evaluate decisions in relation to all of the following: the purposes of government spending and the sources of revenue including taxes what is meant by a balanced government budget, budget surplus and budget deficit what is meant by fiscal policy and how it can be used to achieve the government's economic objectives the costs and the benefits of fiscal policy	I confidently analyse and apply and can confidently evaluate decisions in relation to all of the following: the purposes of government spending and the sources of revenue including taxes what is meant by a balanced government budget, budget surplus and budget deficit what is meant by fiscal policy and how it can be used to achieve the government's economic objectives the costs and the benefits of fiscal policy
AF2	Monetary Policy	I can confidently analyse and apply in relation to all of the following: what is meant by monetary policy and how it can be used to achieve economic objectives how monetary policy can affect growth, employment and price stability the effects of monetary policy on consumer spending, borrowing, saving and investment	I confidently analyse and apply and am beginning to understand how to evaluate decisions in relation to all of the following: what is meant by monetary policy and how it can be used to achieve economic objectives how monetary policy can affect growth, employment and price stability the effects of monetary policy on consumer spending, borrowing, saving and investment	I confidently analyse and apply and am reasonably able to evaluate decisions in relation to all of the following: what is meant by monetary policy and how it can be used to achieve economic objectives how monetary policy can affect growth, employment and price stability the effects of monetary policy on consumer spending, borrowing, saving and investment	I confidently analyse and apply and can confidently evaluate decisions in relation to all of the following: what is meant by monetary policy and how it can be used to achieve economic objectives how monetary policy can affect growth, employment and price stability the effects of monetary policy on consumer spending, borrowing, saving and investment

AF3	Supply Side Policy	I can confidently analyse and apply in relation to all of the following: what is meant by supply side policy and how it can be used to achieve economic objectives the costs and the benefits of supply side policies for the economy	I confidently analyse and apply and am beginning to understand how to evaluate in decisions in relation to all of the following: what is meant by supply side policy and how it can be used to achieve economic objectives the costs and the benefits of supply side policies for the economy	I confidently analyse and apply and am reasonably able to evaluate decisions in relation to all of the following: what is meant by supply side policy and how it can be used to achieve economic objectives the costs and the benefits of supply side policies for the economy	I confidently analyse and apply and can confidently evaluate decisions in relation to all of the following: what is meant by supply side policy and how it can be used to achieve economic objectives the costs and the benefits of supply side policies for the economy
AF4	Limitations of markets	I can confidently analyse and apply in relation to all of the following: what is meant by positive and negative externalities government policies to correct positive and negative externalities the impact of government policies to correct positive and negative externalities the costs and the benefits of government policies to correct positive and negative externalities	I confidently analyse and apply and am beginning to understand how to evaluate in decisions in relation to all of the following: what is meant by positive and negative externalities government policies to correct positive and negative externalities the impact of government policies to correct positive and negative externalities the costs and the benefits of government policies to correct positive and negative externalities	I confidently analyse and apply and am reasonably able to evaluate decisions in relation to all of the following: what is meant by positive and negative externalities government policies to correct positive and negative externalities the impact of government policies to correct positive and negative externalities the costs and the benefits of government policies to correct positive and negative externalities	I confidently analyse and apply and can confidently evaluate decisions in relation to all of the following: what is meant by positive and negative externalities government policies to correct positive and negative externalities the impact of government policies to correct positive and negative externalities the costs and the benefits of government policies to correct positive and negative externalities
GCSE Economics Term 3		Developing	Securing	Mastering	Excelling
AF1		I confidently analyse and apply and am beginning to understand how to evaluate decisions in relation to all of the following: the reasons why countries trade and the benefits for consumers and producers	I confidently analyse and apply and am reasonably able to evaluate decisions in relation to all of the following: the reasons why countries trade and the benefits for consumers and producers	I confidently analyse and apply and can confidently evaluate decisions in relation to all of the following: the reasons why countries trade and the benefits for consumers and producers	I have demonstrated that I am extremely confident in all key skills of analysis, application and evaluation in relation to all of the following: the reasons why countries trade and the benefits for consumers and producers
AF2		I confidently analyse and apply and am beginning to understand how to evaluate decisions in relation to all of the following: what a free trade agreement is how to calculate deficits and surpluses	I confidently analyse and apply and am reasonably able to evaluate decisions in relation to all of the following: what a free trade agreement is how to calculate deficits and surpluses	I confidently analyse and apply and can confidently evaluate decisions in relation to all of the following: what a free trade agreement is how to calculate deficits and surpluses	I have demonstrated that I am extremely confident in all key skills of analysis, application and evaluation in relation to all of the following: what a free trade agreement is how to calculate deficits and surpluses
AF3		I confidently analyse and apply and am beginning to understand how to evaluate in decisions in relation to all of the following: the importance of the balance of payments and the causes of surpluses and deficits	I confidently analyse and apply and am reasonably able to evaluate decisions in relation to all of the following: the importance of the balance of payments and the causes of surpluses and deficits	I confidently analyse and apply and can confidently evaluate decisions in relation to all of the following: the importance of the balance of payments and the causes of surpluses and deficits	I have demonstrated that I am extremely confident in all key skills of analysis, application and evaluation in relation to all of the following: the importance of the balance of payments and the causes of surpluses and deficits